APRIL, 1787. THE NUMB. 2969.

PENNSYLVANIA GAZETTE.

WEDNESDAY, APRIL 25, 1787.

The *Honorable Supreme Executive Council* have been pleased to appoint the Subscriber

AUCTIONEER
for the City of Philadelphia,

HE takes the earliest opportunity of informing the Public and his Friends, that GOODS will be received for Sale at the Store lately occupied by Messrs. *A. St. Clair & Co.* in Front, near Walnut-street, where he will be happy to receive their Commands, and ever attentive to serve and merit their Favours.

PETER WIKOFF.

Philadelphia, April, 16, 1787.

To be Sold by Public Vendue,

On the 28th day of this instant, at the late dwelling-house of Derrick Lukens, deceased, in Bristol township, in the county of Philadelphia, about seven miles from the city, and one from Germantown,

A VALUABLE Plantation, containing about 80 acres, 12 whereof are good woodland, and about ten acres meadow, the arable land exceeding level and clear of stones; there is on said place a two story Stone Dwelling-house, with four rooms on a floor, and a Stone Kitchen adjoining, with a good Pump of water at the door, there is a large Stone Barn, cart-house, spring-house, hog-house and other valuable out buildings, all of Stone, there is an excellent young orchard of the best fruit trees. One other tract of said estate, containing 32 acres, near the above-said tract, about 6 acres whereof is wood-land, there are several springs of water on said tract. Both tracts are bounded on the Lime-kiln road. An indisputable title will be made for the whole. The sale to begin at two o'clock on said day, when the conditions of sale will be made known, by

JOSEPH SPENCER,
April 3, 1787. JOSEPH FERREE,
ISAAC KNIGHT, and
ANTHONY WILLIAMS, junior.

N. B. All persons having any lawful claims against the estate of Derrick Lukens are requested to attend at the house of Caleb Armitage, in Bristol township, on the 27th of this instant, to make known their demands, that measures may be taken to discharge the same. ¶

TO BE SOLD,

A VALUABLE Lot of GROUND, situate on the east-side of Sixth-street, between Market and Arch-streets, being 60 feet on Sixth-street and 96 feet on North-street; on said Lot there are four tenements and two stables. For terms, apply to RICHARD HUMPHREYS, in Sixth-street, or CALEB CARMALT, in Market-street. †

ALL persons indebted to the estate of JOHN M'CALLISTER, late of Queen's Town, Maryland, Merchant, deceased, are requested to make immediate payment to the subscriber, in Queen's town. Those who have any demands against the estate, are requested to present them without delay to ANDREW TYBOUT, in Philadelphia, or to

§ ROGER M'CALLISTER, Administrator.

To be sold by Public Vendue,

On Tuesday, the first day of May next, at six o'clock in the evening, at the Old Coffee-house (if not disposed of before at private sale)

A MESSUAGE and PLANTATION, situate on the lime-kiln road, nine miles from Philadelphia, in Cheltenham township, Montgomery county, containing 57 acres of land, 8 acres whereof is good watered meadow, 4 acres good woodland, and the rest arable land, with a young orchard planted about four years ago, consisting of 100 good fruit trees, besides the old orchard.------Paper money of the last emission of Pennsylvania, wheat, corn or West-India produce, will be taken in payment. The terms will be made known by WILLIAM SHAW, merchant, in Water-street, above Arch-street, or the subscriber, living at the Old Tavern, near Frankford bridge.

JOHN STEEL.

TO BE LET,

(And entered on the 1st day of May next)

THAT neat stone House, situate on the west side of Schuylkill, adjoining the Middle-ferry; nine acres of upland belongs to the house, of which one acre is an excellent garden, well fenced in and stocked with a variety of fruit trees, strwberries and other valuable plants; there are about seven acres of marsh between the upland and Schuylkill, that affords good pasture. The house is a licensed tavern, with a well of excellent water near the door, and a stable that will hold several horses. The situation is convenient for a tavern or store, and suitable for both businesses. For terms apply to the owner, *William Bispham*, near four miles from Philadelphia, on Marshall's road, or to Mr. *Joseph Ogdon*, at the Middle-ferry.

April 16, 1786.

Philadelphia, April 14, 1787.

BY virtue of a writ of Venditioni Exponas to me directed, will be exposed to sale by Public Vendue, at the Coffee-House, in the city of Philadelphia, on Saturday the 28th instant, at seven o'clock in the evening, a certain three story Brick House, Brick Kitchen, a Bake-house, and Lot of Ground, situate on the west-side of Penn-street, between Pine and Cedar (or South) streets, in the city of Philadelphia; containing in breadth on said Penn-street 17 feet, and in length or depth 66 feet 6 inches, (being half the distance between Front-street and Penn-street;) bounded westward with ground now or late of George Griffiths, northward by a public alley (or cartway) leading from Front-street to Penn-street, eastward by Penn-street aforesaid, and southward by ground of Samuel Powell, Esquire; subject to the yearly ground-rent of 34 Spanish milled pieces of eight, payable at half yearly payments: Taken in execution as the property of John Hoover, and to be sold by

JOSEPH COWPERTHWAIT, Sheriff.

TO BE LET,

And may be entered on immediately.

A VALUABLE Plantation in Horsham, on the west branch of Neshaminey, containing 200 acres, formerly part of Graeme Park. Also two tenements on Philbert-Street, with the lot, adjoining David Kennedy, Esq; and Messrs. Hunter's buildings on Market-Street. ISAAC MELCHER.

Fourth-Month 14th, 1787.

B A R K.

A LARGE quantity of which will be wanted by the Tanners of Germantown, for which Ready Money and a generous price will be given for the different kinds of Oak, Birch and Beach. The Farmers and others who have this valuable article, would do well to bring it in as soon as it is dry, to prevent its suffering by rains, which often happens when left too long in the woods. ¶

April 10, 1787.

WAS stolen out of the stable of the subscriber, in Cecil county, Maryland state, between the Head of Elk and Doctor Mitchel's tavern, a large Sorrel Horse, with a large star in his forehead, branded on the thigh with SB and the same on the neck, under the mane, a trotter, about 7 years old, had one old shoe on his off fore foot. Whoever takes up said horse and thief, so that he may be brought to justice, and I get the horse, shall have EIGHT DOLLARS Reward, and reasonable charges, and for the horse only, FOUR DOLLARS, paid by me

¶ SAMUEL WHAN.

CAME to the subscriber's in the township of Norriton and county of Montgomery, the 28th day of March last, two bay HORSES, of a middling size, shod before, both of them appear to be old, one of them much older than the other, the youngest has a blaze in his face and a natural pacer. The owner, is desired to come, prove property, pay cost and take them away.

April 13, 1787. ¶ DAVID NORMAN.

To be Sold at Private Sale,

A VALUABLE Plantation, containing 100 acres of land, situated in Williamstown township, Chester county, within one mile and a half of Lancaster road, lying on the road leading from the Warren tavern to Chester, and seven miles from the Turk's Head or the New Court-house, and 23 miles from the city of Philadelphia: there are on said plantation a house, barn, spring-house, with a spring of good water, a good orchard, a good lime kiln, about ten acres of meadow and more may be made; the land is agreeable to lime, and may be manured at a small expence, there is a sufficiency of wood-land; there has been about one thousand bushels of lime put on the land within these few years past. Any person inclining to purchase the same, may know the terms, by applying to the subscriber, on the premises,

April 13, 1787. ¶ OWEN BROOKE.

York-town, March 27th, 1787.

IN pursuance of an attachment issued out of the court of common pleas of the county of York, against Valentine Krants, at the suit of Henry Yessler, We, the auditors appointed therein, DO hereby give public notice, that on Saturday, the 5th day of May next, will be exposed to public sale, at the Court-house, in York-town, a quantity of household and kitchen furniture, to wit, feather beds, chairs, a chest of drawers, a clock, and sundry other articles too tedious to mention: And on Tuesday, the 15th day of the said month of May next, will be sold at the Court-house aforesaid, a certain lot of ground, situate in York-town aforesaid, containing in breadth on Beaver-street, 57½ feet, and in depth to a 20 feet alley, 250 feet; bounded on the east by Beaver-street aforesaid, on the south by a lot of ground in tenure of Stephen Horn, on the west by a 20 feet alley, and on the north by a ditto, on which lot there are several good buildings, to wit, a dwelling-house, brew-house, malt-house, stables, a large copper brewing kettle, and a variety of other utensils for carrying on the brewing business. All attached as the estate of the said Valentine Krants, and to be sold as aforesaid.

Therefore all persons who have any claims or demands against the said Valentine Krantz, are desired to exhibit the same, duly attested and authenticated, before the said Auditors, at York-town aforesaid, on or before the first day of July next, otherwise they will be precluded from any part or dividend of the monies arising from the sale of said estate and effects.

MICHAEL HAHN,)
¶ CONRAD LAUB,) Auditors.
GODFREY LENHART.)

FOR SALE, BY
DANIEL BENEZET,

At his Store in Arch-street, four doors below the corner of Second-street,

A very large ASSORTMENT of

Dutch Scythes & German Straw Knives,

With suitable WHETSTONES----Also,

HEMPEN thread for manufacturers, a variety of black sattins and pelongs, silk and linen handkerchiefs of different kinds, broad and narrow corduroys, superfine moreens, calimancoes, Leghorn hats, watch chrystals, fuzee chains, pendants and hands, fine brass wire, pewter table and tea spoons, boxes of Dresden china cups and saucers, temple spectacles, shoe buckles, metal buttons, pins and needles, sleeve buttons, shoemakers knives, double screw gimblets, dotted awl blades, shoe tacks, curtain rings, English paste-boards, pig brass, German looking glasses, sheet brass, &c. BAR IRON by the ton; also a LARGE IRON CHEST. 3 m.

N. B. He has to let, a commodious LOT and WHARFF, under good fence, about 60 feet front and 200 feet deep, situate below Pools-bridge.

Also a three story HOUSE, in Second-street, between Arch and Race-streets, an extraordinary stand for business.

MUSLINS,

A large assortment of coarse and fine, plain and figured Muslins, by the piece or bale, also a quantity of the best

Madeira and Lisbon WINES,

To be sold, by CHARLES WHARTON, at his STORE near the Drawbridge. ¶ 5w.

Was taken up on the thirty-first of March last,

A C A L F.

Any person who has lost it, and can prove it to be his property, may have it again, by applying in Fourth-street, next to the Academy, at the house of JACOB EHRENZELLER.

April 3, 1787. †

Three Thousand Pieces of
PAPER HANGINGS,

Now OPENED for SALE, at

W. POYNTELL's

STATIONARY and JEWELLERY STORE,

In Second-street, near Market-street, the corner of Black-horse alley.

IN variety, fancy patterns, richness and durability of colours, this assortment of Paper is far superior to any ever offered for sale in these states, and the prices fixed on them so very low, that a comparison with ANY other cannot fail to make them the object of choice. March 9 1787.

To be had at FRANCIS BAILEY's *Printing-Office,*

POEMS *on* Several Occasions,

CHIEFLY WRITTEN DURING THE LATE WAR.

By MR. P. FRENEAU.

Now collected and neatly printed, in a handsome pocket volume,

Fine copies, 8*s*4---coarse ditto, 7*s*6.

Philadelphia, Fourth Month 2nd. 1787.

THE Contributors to the Pennsylvania Hospital are desired to take notice, that the Annual Election for twelve Managers and a Treasurer will be held at the said Hospital on second day, the seventh of the fifth month (May) next, at 3 o'clock in the afternoon.

By order of the Managers,

SAMUEL COATES, Secretary.

Philadelphia, April 9, 1787.

THE ANNUAL ELECTION FOR

DIRECTORS and a TREASURER

OF THE

Library Company of Philadelphia,

WILL be held, at the Company's Room in Carpenter's Hall, on MONDAY the 7th of May next, at three o'Clock in the Afternoon, when the Treasurer will attend to receive the Annual Payments.

As there are several Shares on which *fines* are due, the Owners of them, or their Representatives, are hereby notified, that they will be unavoidably forfeited, agreeably to the Laws of the Company, unless the Arrears are paid off on the said seventh of May, or within ten Days after.

By Order of the Board of Directors,

WILLIAM RAWLE, Secretary.

The admirers of *American Poetry*

are informed, that in the AMERICAN MUSEUM for March, 1787, just published by M. CAREY, in Market-street, next door to Messrs. Dunlap and Claypoole's office,

There is given ENTIRE, the

Address to the American Armies:

Written by the celebrated Colonel Humphreys, Aid-de-Camp to his Excellency General Washington.

N. B. This Poem was sold singly in London for two shillings sterling.-------Also,

A Poem on the happiness of *America,*

Addressed to the Citizens of the United States. *By the same writer.*

This Poem sold in London for half a crown sterling:

Both these Poems have been translated into different languages, and read with the greatest avidity in various parts of Europe. The French critics are warm in their praises of the abilities of the writer---and even the English reviewers are obliged to declare of the former---"That it may with some trifling exceptions be justly styled a good poem, though not a very pleasing one to good Englishmen."

Besides the above pieces, the present number of the Museum contains the fourth and last part of COMMON SENSE, and a great variety of other Essays.

The Subscription for the American Museum is 18s. per annum. Price of each number to non-subscribers a Quarter Dollar.

It is Sold by all the principal Book-sellers in this city.

Philadelphia, April 2, 1787.

BENJAMIN W. MORRIS,

Has for Sale at his store, the corner of Dock and Pear-streets,

DOUBLE and single refined loaf and lump sugars,
Muscovado sugars in hogsheads and barrels,
West-India and sugar-house molasses.
Rhode-Island cheese.
Madeira Wine, per pipe, quarter cask, or gallon.
Lisbon ditto, Sherry ditto, Teneriffe ditto, claret in cases,
Taunton ale in casks,
Bristol beer, old Jamaica spirit per hogshead or gallon.
Coniac Brandy, Antigua rum,
Beef in barrels, Mackrel ditto, &c. &c.

*** All which he will sell on the very lowest terms, for Cash, short Credit, or Produce.

PURSUANT to the last Will and Testament of Thomas Britson, deceased, will be sold by public vendue, on the premises, the 28th inst. at 12 o'clock, the PLANTATION whereon the said Britson lived in his life-time, containing about 93 acres of land, situated in the township of Lower Merion, in Montgomery county, 12 miles from Philadelphia, and about one from Spring-mill, near Schuylkill; there is a very large constant spring of water on the place, 8 or 10 acres of watered meadow, and more may be made; there is also a sufficiency of cleared land very good soil, and the rest is woodland. Any person inclined to view the same, may apply to WILLIAM ROBERTS, living on the premises, or to

April 4, 1787. † JOHN PRICE, Executor.

Fourth Month 13, 1787.

TWELVE DOLLARS Reward.

STOLEN, last night, out of the stable of the subscriber, living in Ashton township, Chester county, a bay GELDING, fourteen and half hands high, four years old, a natural trotter, canters well, a star in his forehead, one white foot behind, bears heavy on the bridle. Whoever secures said Horse, so as the owner may get him again, shall be entitled to SIX DOLLARS reward, and SIX DOLLARS more for securing the thief in any gaol, so that he be brought to justice, with reasonable charges, paid by ¶ LEVI MATSON

EXTRACTS from the Minutes of the Second Session of the ELEVENTH GENERAL ASSEMBLY *of the* COMMONWEALTH *of* PENNSYLVANIA.

[Continued from our laſt.]

THURSDAY, March 15, 1787. A. M.

The report of the committee, read December 27th laſt, on the petitions of Daniel Vanderſlice and others, was read the ſecond time, and the conſideration thereof poſtponed.

Agreeably to leave given, a member preſented to the chair a bill, entituled "An Act for granting unto George Wall, junior, the ſole and excluſive privilege of making and vending a mathematical inſtrument by him invented, for the term of twenty-one years," which was read the firſt time, and

Ordered to lie on the table.

The bill, entituled "An Act for the regulation of auctions and vendues," was read the ſecond time, debated by paragraphs, ordered to be tranſcribed, and in the mean time printed for public conſideration.

The bill, entituled "An Act for erecting part of Bedford county into a ſeparate county," was read the third time, in part debated by paragraphs, and the further conſideration thereof poſtponed.

The following bills having been brought in engroſſed, were ſeverally compared at the table, enacted into laws, and the Speaker directed to ſign the ſame, viz.

An ACT to direct and authoriſe the laying out of an highway through this ſtate, from the waters of the river Potowmack to the river Ohio, in order to extend and facilitate the intercourſe which is deſigned to be opened between the ſame rivers.

An Act to amend and explain an act, entituled "An Act to encourage and protect the manufactures of this ſtate, by laying additional duties on the importation of certain manufactures which interfere with them, and for the further encouragement of the navigation of the ſtate."

An ACT to amend an act, entituled "An Act for the regulation of bankruptcy."

FRIDAY, March 16, 1787. A. M.

Petitions from 121 inhabitants of the city and liberties of Philadelphia, 203 inhabitants of the county of Bucks, 301 inhabitants of the county of Cheſter, and 41 inhabitants of the county of Montgomery, were read, remonſtrating againſt the bill, entituled "An Act to revive the incorporation of the ſubſcribers to the Bank of North-America," and praying that the ſame may not be enacted into a law.

Ordered to lie on the table.

A letter from the Honorable John Penn, junior, John Penn and Richard Penn, was preſented to the chair, and read, as follows, viz.

SIR,

WE beg leave to addreſs you, as Speaker of the Honorable Houſe of Repreſentatives of the Freemen of the Commonwealth of Pennſylvania, earneſtly, but with all poſſible reſpect,

Praying, That the memorial preſented by us to a former Houſe (which we are prepared to ſupport with proper documents) may now be taken up for a final conſideration and diſcuſſion, according to the prayer thereof.

It becomes every day more neceſſary that there ſhould be an arrangement and ſettlement of affairs among the family and deſcendents of William Penn, our honored anceſtor, and that they may not remain longer in that ſtate of uncertainty and diſtreſs, from which they can only be relieved by the immediate attention of your Honorable Houſe to the weighty matters ſet forth in their ſaid memorial, and a reviſal of former legiſlative tranſactions relating to their property, which, we perſuade ourſelves, will lead to ſuch an amicable and final ſettlement, as may do honor to the feelings and councils of a great and generous people, not forgetful either of their original founder, or that all his foundations were laid in the bond of peace, and upon the pureſt principles of unchangeable juſtice. We are, &c.

JOHN PENN, junior,
JOHN PENN,
RICHARD PENN.

The Honorable Thomas Mifflin, *Eſq;*
Speaker of the General Aſſembly, &c.

And the memorial therein referred to was alſo read, and

Ordered to lie on the table.

The committee appointed December 30th laſt, on the petition of Samuel Vaughan, Eſquire, made report, which was read, and

Ordered to lie on the table.

The committee appointed for the purpoſe reported a bill, entituled "An Act to obtain the number of the inhabitants within the ſtate," which was read the firſt time, and

Ordered to lie on the table.

Agreeably to the order of the day, the Houſe reſumed the conſideration of the bill, entituled "An Act to revive the incorporation of the ſubſcribers to the Bank of North-America."

And on the queſtion,---"Shall the ſame be debated by paragraphs?"---the Yeas and Nays were called by Mr. Whitehill and Mr. D. Clymer, and were as follow, viz.

YEAS. Meſſieurs Will, Morris, Fitzſimons, G. Clymer, Hiltzheimer, W. Robinſon, jun. Salter, Logan, Foulke, Wynkoop, Chapman, Upp, J. Moore, Willing, Ralſton, Evans, Thomas, Whelen, Lowrey, Hubley, Carpenter, Work, Roſs, Clemſon, M'Conaughy, Schmyſer, M'Clellan, Lilley, Tyſon, Eichelberger, D. Clymer, Canon, Brackenridge, C. Moore, Wheeler, Reiff. 36.

NAYS. Meſſieurs Gray, Whitehill, Beale, Kennedy, Mitchell, J. Heiſter, Kreemer, G. Heiſter, Davis, P. Trexler, jun. Mawhorter, Brown, Burkhalter, Piper, Powell, Antes, Dale, Findley, Barr, Wright, M'Dowell, Flenniken, Alliſon, Philips, Gilchreeſt, Smith, M'Calmont, Clark, Miley, Carſon. 30.

So it was determined in the affirmative.

And in debating the following paragraph, viz.

"And be it further enacted by the authority aforeſaid, That if any Preſident, Director, or any Officer or Servant of the ſaid Preſident, Directors and Company, being entruſted with any bill or note, or any bond, deed, money or other effects, belonging to the ſaid Preſident, Directors and Company, or having any bill or note, or any bond, deed, money or other effects, lodged or depoſited with the ſaid Preſident, Directors and Company, or with ſuch Officer or Servant, as an Officer or Servant of the ſaid Preſident, Directors and Company, ſhall ſecrete, embezzle, or run away with any ſuch bill, note, bond, deed, money or other effects, or any part of them, every Preſident, Director, Officer or Servant, ſo offending, and being thereof convicted in due form of law, in any court of oyer and terminer and general gaol delivery within this commonwealth, ſhall be deemed guilty of felony, and ſhall ſuffer as a felon agreeably to the laws for the puniſhment of grand larceny."

And on the queſtion,---"Will the Houſe adopt the ſame?"---the Yeas and Nays were called by Mr. Smith and Mr. G. Heiſter, and were as follow, viz.

YEAS. Meſſrs. Will, Morris, Fitzſimons, G. Clymer, Hiltzheimer, W. Robinſon, jun. Salter, Logan, Foulke, Wynkoop, Chapman, Upp, J. Moore, Willing, Ralſton, Evans, Thomas, Whelen, Lowrey, Hubley, Carpenter, Work, Roſs, Clemſon, M'Conaughy, Schmyſer, M'Clellan, Lilley, Tyſon, Eichelberger, D. Clymer, Canon, Brackenridge, C. Moore, Wheeler, Reiff, Carſon. 37.

NAYS. Meſſrs. Gray, Whitehill, Beale, Kennedy, Mitchell, J. Heiſter, Kreemer, G. Heiſter, Davis, P. Trexler, jun. Mawhorter, Brown, Burkhalter, Piper, Powell, Antes, Dale, Findley, Barr, Wright, M'Dowell, Flenniken, Alliſon, Philips, Gilchreeſt, Smith, M'Calmont, Clark, Miley. 29.

So it was determined in the affirmative.

It was then moved by Mr. Whitehill, ſeconded by Mr. Findley, to adopt the additional clauſes, as follow, viz.

"And be it enacted by the authority aforeſaid, That if any Stockholder or Stockholders of the ſaid Bank ſhall diſapprove of the regulations contained in this act, or any of them, reſpecting the ſame, and ſhall ſignify his or her diſapprobation thereof to the Preſident, Directors, or the Caſhier of the ſaid Bank, in writing, ſubſcribed and atteſted by one witneſs at the leaſt, within ſix months from and after the publication of this act, he or ſhe ſhall be entitled to receive from the the ſaid Preſident and Directors the whole of his or her ſhare or ſtock, if the ſame ſhall be in the hands of the Preſident and Directors of the Bank, or otherwiſe, ſuch proportion thereof as the Bank may be in poſſeſſion of in ſix months after the time of ſuch application; and the Preſident and Directors of the ſaid Bank ſhall, at the requeſt of ſuch Stockholder or Stockholders, make out fair and true accounts of the ſhare or ſhares of ſtock to ſuch Stockholder or Stockholders reſpectively belonging, giving credit for all profits that have been made, and diſcounting or deducting therefrom their proportion of all debts outſtanding."

And be it further enacted by the authority aforeſaid, That in caſe of the default, neglect or refuſal of the Preſident, Directors or Caſhier, ſo to pay over to ſuch Stockholder or Stockholders his, her or their proportion of the ſtock that may be in hand at the expiration of the ſaid term of ſix months, or to render the ſaid account when required, it ſhall and may be lawful for ſuch Stockholder or Stockholders to recover the ſame in the ſupreme court, by action on the caſe, or upon account, in which it ſhall be ſufficient to alledge that the defendants are indebted to the plaintiff or plaintiffs in the ſum demanded, for money lent and received to the uſe of the ſaid plaintiff or plaintiffs, and that payment thereof hath not been, nor account rendered for the ſame, to which no demurrer ſhall be allowed for not purſuing the uſual forms of declarations on ſuch caſes, nor ſhall the ſaid court allow any plea to ſuch declaration, except the general iſſues, unleſs the ſame be reverſed by the affidavit of at leaſt one credible witneſs."

And on the queſtion,---"Will the Houſe adopt the ſame?---the Yeas and Nays being called by Mr. Whitehill and Mr. D. Clymer, were as follow, viz.

YEAS. Meſſrs. Logan, Whitehill, Kennedy, Beale, Mitchell, J. Heiſter, Kreemer, G. Heiſter, Davis, P. Trexler, jun. Mawhorter, Brown, Burkhalter, Piper, Powell, Antes, Dale, Findley, Barr, Wright, M'Dowell, Flenniken, Alliſon, Philips, Gilchreeſt, Smith, M'Calmont, Clark, Miley, Carſon. 30.

NAYS. Meſſrs. Will, Morris, Fitzſimons, G. Clymer, Hiltzheimer, Gray, W. Robinſon, jun. Salter, Foulke, Wynkoop, Chapman, Upp, J. Moore, Willing, Ralſton, Evans, Thomas, Whelen, Lowrey, Hubley, Carpenter, Work, Roſs, Clemſon, M'Conaughy, Schmyſer, M'Clellan, Lilley, Tyſon, Eichelberger, D. Clymer, Canon, Brackenridge, C. Moore, Wheeler, Reiff. 36.

So it was determined in the negative.

And the ſaid bill having been fully debated by paragraphs,

On the queſtion,---"Shall the ſame be engroſſed, for the purpoſe of being enacted into a law?"---the Yeas and Nays were called by Mr. Smith and Mr. Beale, and were as follow, viz.

YEAS. Meſſrs. Will, Morris, Fitzſimons, G. Clymer, Hiltzheimer, W. Robinſon, jun. Salter, Foulke, Wynkoop, Chapman, Upp, J. Moore, Willing, Ralſton, Evans, Thomas, Whelen, Lowrey, Hubley, Carpenter, Work, Roſs, Clemſon, M'Conaughy, Schmyſer, M'Clellan, Lilley, Tyſon, Eichelberger, D. Clymer, Canon, Brackenridge, C. Moore, Wheeler, Reiff. 35

NAYS. Meſſrs. Gray, Logan, Whitehill, Beale, Kennedy, Mitchell, J. Heiſter, Kreemer, G. Heiſter, Davis, P. Trexler, jun. Mawhorter, Brown, Burkhalter, Piper, Powell, Antes, Dale, Findley, Barr, Wright, M'Dowell, Flenniken, Alliſon, Philips, Gilchreeſt, Smith, M'Calmont, Clark, Miley, Carſon. 31.

So it was determined in the affirmative.

[To be continued.]

HALIFAX, *March* 24.

Thurſday arrived the brig Dartmouth, Captain Little, from Jamaica, but laſt from the Havannah, which place he was neceſſitated to put into, by falling ſhort of proviſions, after having been forty-five days at ſea.

Captain Little has brought in with him Captain Spence, his mate and crew, belonging to the ſhip Peggy, which he found 3 days after his leaving the Havannah, wrecked on the coaſt of Florida. The Peggy was bound from the Bay of Honduras for London, with a cargo of logwood, mahogany, &c. She ſtruck aground about 3 o'clock in the morning of February 17th, and lay bilged till nine oclock the ſame morning, when Captain Little fortunately falling in ſight, and ſeeing no hopes appearing of being able to ſave the ſhip, induced the captain and ſeamen to quit her, and take paſſage in the Dartmouth.

BOSTON, April 11.

The ſtates of America, ſays a correſpondent, cannot be ſaid to be under a federal head---when they will not acknowledge any ſupremacy in Congreſs. In time of war we were bound together by a principle of fear; that principle is gone: We are no longer United States, becauſe we are not under any firm and energetic compact. The breath of jealouſy has blown the cobweb of our confederacy aſunder. Every link of the chain of union is ſeparated from its companion. We live it is true under the appearance of friendſhip, but we ſecretly hate and envy, and endeavour to thwart the intereſt of each other, and was it not for the Britiſh colonies and garriſons that ſurround us, we ſhould probably ſoon contend in the field for empire. Even our ſtate governments, where all the energy lies, are unable to preſerve their citizens from rebellion. And notwithſtanding all this, we pretend to dread the growing power of Congreſs, and wiſh to curtail and deſtroy every exertion of their juriſdiction. This conduct brings to mind the old Roman Senator, who after his country had ſubdued the Commonwealth of Carthage, had made them deliver up their territories, their ſhips, their arms, and impoſed an enormous tribute upon them; in ſhort, after they had bound them hand and foot, and rendered them unable ever to protect themſelves, much leſs to wage war upon their enemies, ſtill the heroic Senator was for precipitating the vengeance of the Romans upon them, and when no poſſible argument offered itſelf, he cried out *Carthage muſt be deſtroyed.*

NEW-YORK, April 19.

The bill to repeal all laws or parts of laws in force within this ſtate, repugnant to the treaty of peace between the United States and the King of Great-Britain, was on Tueſday afternoon committed to a committee of the whole houſe, and agreed to unanimouſly, and ordered to be engroſſed for a third reading.

Extract of a letter from a gentleman in Charleſton, South-Carolina, to his friend in this city.

"The aſſembly of this ſtate have paſſed a law prohibiting the importation of ſlaves, by ſea or land, for three years. This information I have from a member of the ſenate, who ſays the act is this day compleated."

Extract of a letter from Albany, dated April 12.

"Yeſterday ended a treaty in this city, between the commiſſioners of Indian affairs in this ſtate, and ſome of the principal Sachems of the Seneca nation, in the courſe of which the Sachems expreſſed the greateſt friendſhip and attachment to the United States, but more papticularly to this ſtate. After the treaty was over they received a number of preſents, and this morning will ſet off on their return home."

Our advices from the Weſt-Indies in general import, that every day affords new ſcenes of oppreſſion, the trade being diſtreſſed by the commiſſioners, who have ordered ſeveral very extraordinary ſeizures to be made on American veſſels.

This Day is Printed and Publiſhed,

By ROBERT AITKEN, at Pope's Head, Market-ſtreet, and to be ſold by him; and THOMAS DOBSON, near the corner of Cheſnut in Second-ſtreet,---*Price*, 3/9.

AN ESSAY

ON the cauſes of the variety of COMPLEXION and FIGURE in the HUMAN SPECIES. To which are added STRICTURES on Lord *Kaims*'s diſcourſe, on the original diverſity of mankind. By the Reverend *Samuel Stanhope Smith*, D. D. Vice-Preſident, and profeſſor of moral Philoſophy in the college of New-Jerſey; and member of the American Philoſophical Society, held at Philadelphia for promoting uſeful knowledge. 6 w.

Imported from England, and to be ſold by

WILLIAM CRAIG,

At his ſtore in Second-ſtreet, oppoſite to the Baptiſt Meeting-houſe, near Arch-ſtreet, an aſſortment of goods ſuitable to the ſeaſon, viz.

BEAVER pillow fuſtains, jeanets, corduroys, cotton checks and ſtripes, bedticken, 7 8ths and yard wide Iriſh linens, dowlaſſes, buckram, brown and white Ruſſia ſheetings, Iriſh ditto, brown and white raven's duck, Scotch and German oznabrigs, brown Hollands, coloured threads, white Scotch ditto, beſt ſcarff twiſt, hair and worſted cord, death head and baſket buttons, metal and plated ditto, nankeen waiſtcoat ditto, ſhirt ditto, table cloths, clouting diaper, plain dyed and printed calicoes, cottons and chintzes, large and ſmall ſilk handkercheifs, checks and printed linen ditto, bobbings, tapes, moreens, crapes, calimancoes, worſted damaſks, rattinets, ſilk and worſted ſagathies, durants, hair-bines, ſattinets, blue hair pluſh, white perſian and ſarſnet, thread ſtockings, frying-pans, ſhovels and ſpades, 3d and 4d nails, beſt London white and red lead, beſt bohea and hyſon tea, black and white gauzes.

Alſo upland and meadow hay well got.

To be Sold, 12 acres of marſh meadow on Tinicum-Iſland, ſeveral lots to be let on ground-rent in the Northern Liberties. †

BOULTING CLOTHS,

A very extenſive and compleat aſſortment of ſuperfine, middling and coarſe, ſuitable to every branch of the Boulting buſineſs, lately imported and are for ſale on reaſonable terms, by

PHILIP CARE,

At his ſtore, the ſouth-eaſt corner of Arch and Water-ſtreets.

MILLERS and others, may be furniſhed with boulting cloths, remarkably fine and of ſuperior quality and texture to any yet known or imported into America: Thoſe who are unacquainted with this very difficult article, may have proper directions (if required) in making choice of ſuch cloths as will certainly anſwer the ſeveral purpoſes for which they may be deſigned, according to the different qualities of wheat and modes of manufacturing in the various parts of the United States. Alſo directions for affixing them on reels, in the moſt advantageous manner to perform the work intended.

IF *William Brady*, who ſome years ago reſided in Pennſylvania or New Jerſey, as a travelling merchant or pedlar, and was in this city in the year 1775, and is ſuppoſed to have reſided in the above ſtates, or the ſtate of New-York, be now living, the Adminiſtrators of Jacob Cooper, deceaſed, late of the city of Philadelphia, would be glad to hear from him. JAMES HARTLEY, one of

April 20, 1787. ‡ the Adminiſtrators.

To be SOLD by the ſubſcriber,

A NUMBER of valuable PLANTATIONS, ſituate in Oley townſhip and diſtrict, in Berks county, in the commonwealth of Pennſylvania. One of them, called the Forge Tract, in Oley townſhip, containing about 197 acres of land, on which there are about 30 acres of cleared meadow, and more may be made, a large ſtone dwelling-houſe, with a number of out-houſes, merchant-mill, fine orchard, garden and other conveniencies. The remainder of the plantations are ſo connected with each other, as to render a particular deſcription tedious. The terms may be known by enquiring of the ſubſcriber, in Oley.

† JOHN LESHER.

TO BE LET,

For the Summer Seaſon or one Year,

A CONVENIENT Houſe, chaiſe houſe, ſtables, &c. with the uſe of the garden, on a pleaſant ſpot of ground, ſituated in a lane, leading from Nicetown on Germantown road, towards the Schuylkill, and about four miles from the city. Enquire of the ſubſcriber, living on the premiſes

† 1 w. E. LEWIS TREICHEL.

Montgomery County, *April* 19, 1787.

BY virtue of a writ of Venditioni Exponas, to me directed, will be expoſed to public ſale, on Monday the 30th of this inſtant, at two o'clock in the afternoon, on the premiſes, two Meſſuages, and 114 acres of Land, ſituate lying and being in Whitpain townſhip, bounded by lands of Samuel Hollowell and others; late the eſtate of John Sanders, but taken in execution, and to be ſold, by ZEBULON POTTS, Sheriff.

Montgomery County, April 19, 1787.

BY virtue of a writ of Venditioni Exponas, to me directed, will be expoſed to public ſale, at the houſe of Jacob Wity, inn-holder, in Potts-Grove, near the premiſes, on Saturday the 5th day of May next, at three o'clock in the afternoon, a certain two ſtory ſtone Meſſuage and Lot of Land, ſituate lying and being in Potts-Grove aforeſaid, containing 60 feet in front on High-Street, and 300 feet in depth, adjoining ground late of Ruth Potts, deceaſed; late the property of Philip Hittle, but taken in execution, and to be ſold, by

ZEBULON POTTS, Sheriff.

April 11, 1787.

THIS is to forewarn all perſons from taking an aſſignment on a Bond, given by THOMAS EAVENSON and JOSEPH BELL, to RICHARD EAVENSON, in Cheſter county, for Fifty Pounds, Pennſylvania currency, dated in April 1770, or 1771, as the Bond has been paid, but not taken up, which I can prove.

‡ JOSEPH BELL.

THREE POUNDS Reward.

RAN away from the ſubſcriber, living in Providence townſhip, Montgomery county, on the 7th day of this inſtant, a Scotch-Iriſh SERVANT MAN, named James M'Cib, about 30 years of age, five feet ten inches high, thin viſaged; had on and took with him an old lightiſh coloured coat and breeches, two pair of yarn ſtockings, old ſhoes, a blue camblet great coat and an old pair of boots. Whoever takes up ſaid ſervant, ſo that his maſter may have him again, ſhall have the above reward and reaſonable charges, paid by me,

April 8, 1787. § JOHN ZIMBERMAN.

PHILADELPHIA, April 25.

On Thurſday, the 12th inſtant, was performed at the German Reformed Church in Race-ſtreet, the URANIAN CONCERT. It was opened with an excellent prayer, well ſuited to the occaſion, by the Rev. Dr. Andrews. The pieces being chiefly *ſacred muſic*, and the object of the whole being "the founding of an inſtitution for improving ſuch muſic throughout all the churches," the propriety of conſecrating the deſign in this manner will ſtrike every conſiderate mind with peculiar force.

The entertainment began preciſely at 11 o'clock in the forenoon, and continued about two hours. The audience and performers, together, conſiſted of 650 perſons, who will ever be conſidered as the original *Benefactors* and *Founders* of the *Uranian Academy*.

To go through the comparative excellence of the pieces and merits of the performers, is certainly unneceſſary; for if the general opinion of thoſe preſent on the occaſion may be relied on, the whole of the performance taken together, was more complete and perfect in its execution, and the effect more decidedly pleaſing, than any thing of the kind, ever exhibited in this city.

Friday laſt, a fire broke out among the wood belonging to the Air Furnace in Eighth-ſtreet, which, notwithſtanding the utmoſt efforts of the workmen employed at the furnace, communicated to the buildings, and conſumed the whole.

The houſe of the widow Reeſe, which was cloſe to the place where the fire began was likewiſe entirely conſumed, with great part of her furniture, which could not be removed in time to ſave it, the wind being high, and the uncommon dought having rendered the wood very dry, which occaſioned the flames to ſpread with aſtoniſhing rapidity.---By the vigilance and activity of the citizens, a conſiderable part of the wood belonging to the furnace was ſaved; but the fate of the widow's houſe was determined before any aſſiſtance could poſſibly be afforded her. The fire began near ſixty feet to windward of the furnace chimney, which leaves us entirely at a loſs to account for this unhappy accident; and which is the more ſingular as the owners had agreed to diſcontinue the buſineſs of caſting within a few days.

Meſſieurs HALL & SELLERS.

SIRS,

The incloſed being intended in part to anſwer ſome publications in your papers, there is no doubt but that your uſual impartiality will entitle it to a place in your next GAZETTE.

SEVERAL publications of a very extraordinary nature, and of the moſt dangerous tendency to the liberty, happineſs and proſperity of this country have lately appeared in your papers: and the author, encouraged perhaps by the ſilence which has been obſerved, continues, in the Gazette of Wedneſday laſt, to inſult the citizens of Pennſylvania with a ſtring of falſhoods, black as his own baſe heart. Strange it is, very ſtrange indeed, that ſuch ſentiments ſhould be uſhered to the public through the preſs of gentlemen well known as friends to their country---men who have always been active firm friends to the revolution. But ſtranger yet it is, to find that the infamous author is ſuffered to walk our ſtreets, and breathe the air with honeſt men. He, not content with the miſchievous ſucceſſes his doctrines have met with in Maſſachuſetts, comes here to propagate his hell-born opinions. This fomenter of rebellion ſeems to have loſt all pretence to decency, at the final defeat of the inſurgents in his own country, and finding his cauſe grows deſperate, endeavours to apply a deſperate remedy for its revival, and is now, in conformity to his original plan, ſowing the ſeeds of ſedition, rebellion and civil war amongſt the peaceable citizens of Pennſylvania. Hide thyſelf, thou advocate for diſhonor---thou friend and advocate for *Shays*---thou promoter of blood and murder. --Inſult not the citizens of this commonwealth. Doſt thou expect to find a SHAYS, a DAY, or a WHEELER in Pennſylvania. Know wretch, her ſoil alike refuſes thy doctrines and their treaſons! Know, thou baſe intruder on our quiet, that Pennſylvania has got her *Lincolns* and her *Shepherds*. To *madden* thee at once, learn that Pennſylvanians are---honeſt: Retire then to thy native infamy---hide thyſelf in---Rhode-Iſland.

While the governments of the old world ſee their beſt intereſts in the eſtabliſhment of their credit, ſhall we, ſhall the republics of America proſtitute themſelves at the ſhrine of avarice and diſhoneſty. Shall America ſtand alone amongſt the nations of the earth in infamy? Eternal ſhame on him who would make her ſo! The doctrines inſiſted upon in the Gazette of the 21ſt ult. and 18th inſt. have no other tendency---the author has no other wiſh. But what are the doctrines of all the good and great? Are they not ſuch as will lead her to honor, to glory, to happineſs? Doctor Price, who we muſt eſteem as a good man, as a real friend to America and to mankind, as an enlightened politician, ſpeaking "of the means of promoting human improve-" ments and happineſs in the United States," ſays, "It ſeems "evident, that what firſt requires the attention of the ſtates *is* "*the redemption of their debts*, and making a compenſation to that "army which has carried them through the war. *They have an* "*infant credit to cheriſh and rear, which, if this is not done, muſt* "*periſh, and with it their character and honor for ever. Nor is it* "*conceivable they ſhould meet with any difficulties in doing this.*" This ſure is a very reſpectable authority: But we have the authority of our own ſages: of our *Franklin*---of our *Waſhington*---of our *Morris*---all, in their ſeveral ſtations, dear to the true friends of this country. Have they---have either of them, ever brought forward this curſe of curſes---this treaſon againſt public faith, common ſenſe, and common honeſty? No. Their patriot breaſts burn with other fires! They know the true intereſts of their country is to be publicly and privately honeſt: To pay all our debts of every kind: None but the baſe and vile wiſh leſs. The good man knows no ſubterfuge. Subſtantial, plain, ſimple honeſty is all he wiſhes. But he, who has dared to defend the infamous *Shays*, now in the gall of diſappointment, gives the lye to all that's good and great, and tells us that to be honeſt is to "ſap the foundations of all induſtry," and therefore recommends to us to ſacrifice our infant credit, which the great *Price* aſſures us would be, to let our "character and honor" periſh for ever.

The falſhoods advanced by this aſſaſſin of public and private juſtice are too glaring and flimſy to draw forth any other anſwer than contempt and abhorrence. Under pretence of doing juſtice to the original holders of certificates, and to decry the trade of ſpeculation, he ſtabs the very vitals of our country, and would bring utter ruin on the original holders, of whoſe intereſts he pretends to be ſo careful. He ſuppoſes, if he can make a party of the original holders againſt the purchaſers, that then he may be able to give the public credit ſuch a ſhake, as to make it quite eaſy to deſtroy it altogether. Like his friend *Shays*, who thought if General Shepherd would but fire upon him, that he could readily eſtabliſh his plan. So this other miſcreant ſuppoſes, that if he can but deſtroy one claſs of creditors, the others will become an eaſy prey. But *Shays* was miſtaken, and this gentleman will be diſappointed.

The public creditors know they muſt ſtand or fall together. They know further---That in their fall---will fall faith, truth and honor---in their fall---will fall "the faireſt experiment ever "tried in human affairs, and a revolution which revived the "hopes of good men, and promiſed an opening to better times, "will become a diſcouragement to all future efforts in favor of "liberty, and prove only an opening to a new ſcene of human "degeneracy and miſery."

Stranger as this man is to truth and honor, it is not to be wondered at, that every thing he advances is falſe: Not one ſolitary truth has fallen from him; for truth is not his object: He full well knows truth would not promote his favourite ſcheme. He tells us that the public ſecurities "retained their nominal "value *no longer* than they were retained by the original holders." The aſſertion is falſe: They retain their nominal value where ever they are, or by whom ever they are retained. They have been iſſued by the legal authority of the country for a valuable conſideration, received by that country. Some of them have been bought from original holders, under the laws, and under the moſt ſolemn promiſes of that country to pay that nominal value and the intereſt thereon too---*not to the original holder*, but to whoever ſhould hold them. This promiſe no honeſt man wiſhes to ſee violated: No man *will* ſee it violated. America will be honeſt, in ſpite of all her ſecret and open enemies.---Let a caſe be ſuppoſed. The ſtate is indebted to A. £100, but not being able to pay the money gives him a bond or certificate for the ſum due, which certificate promiſes to pay to A, or to the bearer, £100---and intereſt at the rate of ſix per cent. per annum. From the deranged ſtate of the public finances, the uncertainty at what period of time the principal can be paid, or whether the intereſt can be punctually and regularly paid, the unſtableneſs of the government, the gloomy proſpects of the union, but above all, from ſuch publications being permitted, and their authors not meeting with thoſe marks of public vengeance which their deteſtable doctrines entitles them to, A's £100 certificate will not bring him more in ready money than £25, for which ſum he ſells his certificate to B. Now, agreeably to the doctrine advanced, the ſtate is indebted to B £25 and no more; but if the doctrine was eſtabliſhed before the ſale of the certificate to B, A might have kept his certificate, B certainly would have kept his money. But ſuppoſe again, that after this ſale the legiſlature could be wicked enough to tell B, you have truſted to the laws and faith of the government, but as they were only made and pledged to you, merely to deceive you, and as you have given but £25 to A for a bond of the country, for £100, you muſt be content to receive your £25 in diſcharge of that bond, therefore give up the bond for £100 and you ſhall have a new one for £25, which we aſſure you by every thing ſacred we will pay you with intereſt. We need only aſk here, could B believe this legiſlature? Here B would become an original holder for £25, but who would give him a loaf of bread for it, were he and his family periſhing for want? No man would---for by the doctrine of this retailer of nouns and pronouns, the purchaſer not being an original holder, the new certificate would be of no value. And the ſame caſe will apply to original holders of certificates at the preſent day: Eſtabliſh this doctrine and who will purchaſe their certificates, be their diſtreſs ever ſo great: Nay, has not the idea of diſcrimination, abſurd and nonſenſical as it is, already loſt to the original holders 25 per cent. on their capitals in the public funds? Can they, be their diſtreſſes what they may, ſell their ſtock for as much, by 25 per cent. as they could have done before theſe injurious and diſhoneſt ſchemes were talked of? No; to the great diſappointment and grief of theſe worthy people, they cannot.---But where would this wild idea carry us to. Every kind of property, whether in lands, houſes, merchandize or public ſecurities, is held to the owner under the laws of the ſtate. No man is better ſecured in his farm, than he is in a certificate of the ſtate, be him original holder or a purchaſer: The law, and the law only, is his ſecurity for either and for both. Suppoſe I purchaſe a houſe in this city for £1000, to be paid in two years: Suppoſe then, that before the end of that time Congreſs return here; that the governments are better ſettled, and that trade and commerce begin to revive, theſe things are all probable, and very likely to come to paſs---in the event, my houſe is worth £1500 before the purchaſe money becomes due. But I am not an original holder. Pray Mr. *Inſtitute*, to whom am I to pay the advanced £500, for I ought not to profit by the *ſpeculation*; although, if the value of the houſe fell to £500, I ſhould be obliged to pay the £1000. and put up with the loſs. Is the caſe in point? The united impudence of both the W******'s will not deny it. We all know, and many of us feel, that the paper money of the ſtate is ſelling at a diſcount of 8 or 10 per cent. By the doctrine of diſcrimination, it ought not to be redeemed at par, except from the original holder. The whole doctrine is idle. It is raiſed on falſity, diſhonor, folly and wickedneſs.

This promulgator of falſhoods aſks a number of queſtions, for the expreſs purpoſe of giving falſe anſwers to them, and thereby he endeavours to criminate the funding law. He aſks, "why have we ſo many bankruptcies in town and country?" He anſwers himſelf, "Becauſe *real property* is reduced to little or nothing by the funding bill." This anſwer only ſhews that he is either groſsly miſtaken, or willfuly wicked. The beſt way to anſwer his queſtion is, by aſking how many men of *real property* have became bankrupts in either town or country, who were not ſo before the funding law? I will venture to aſſert, *not one*: And if this aſſertion is true, it proves that he has attempted to impoſe upon the good people of the ſtate, by publiſhing what is not founded in fact. It is poſſible that ſome might have been ſaved from bankruptcy, had the ſtate been able to comply with its engagements.

The next queſtion he aſks is, "why are our mechanics and "ſailors out of employment?" He anſwers, "Becauſe no man "will build, manufacture, or trade with his money, while the "ſtate pays 18 per cent. on certificates." This anſwer is equally candid and equally honeſt with the other parts of his performance; that is, it contains two aſſertions, and they are both falſe. He here aſſerts that the funding bill has put the mechanics and ſailors out of employment: We all know that our poor mechanics and ſailors were out of employ before the funding law was thought of, and the reaſon is, becauſe the ſtate of trade is ſo much againſt the country,---and until Congreſs are inveſted with proper powers, muſt remain ſo; that there is no employment for ſhipping, and conſequently for neither builders or ſeamen. The mechanics and ſailors know this to be truth. Every body knows it. This unprincipled writer knows it; and he knows alſo, that this being the truth, the ſecond aſſertion contained in his anſwer is falſe. But he proceeds to aſk, "why is it ſo hard to borrow money?" becauſe, anſwers he, no man will lend money at ſix per cent. when he can get 18 from the Treaſury of the State." I would aſk, if there is a man of any information in this ſtate, who would heſitate to give the lye to this aſſertion? The reaſon why monied men will not lend their money at ſix per cent. is well known to be from a quite contrary cauſe.---It is the fears of paper money; of tender laws; of laws to prevent the recovery of their money after they have lent it. There are not in any country a more cautious ſett of men than thoſe who are in the habits of lending money; and they are here juſtly fearful of the tricks of dirty politicians, of men who borrow money under the hopes of being enabled, by law, to pay their debts with a depreciated paper, or of ſome other wicked interference of the legiſlature: And are not their fears juſt, when they ſee ſchemes of public iniquity ſet on foot? If the government is diſhoneſt, they know too well that individuals compoſing that government ought not to be truſted. It is no new doctrine, that the acts of government have their influence on all the governed. Let the laws be juſt, ſteady and honeſt, the people will be ſo alſo; if the laws are otherwiſe, the maſs of the people will alſo be otherwiſe.

It would be in vain to follow this man through the whole of his performance.---Every man of common ſenſe muſt ſee the miſchiefs attending ſuch publications.---Every honeſt, good man will treat them with contempt, becauſe they are ſubverſive of all public and private confidence, of every tie which binds man to man.

It is hardly neceſſary to ſay, that the "ſeventh eſſay upon Finance," as its author ridiculouſly calls it, contains ſentiments equally deſtructive of every principle of good morals, good government and good policy, as the writings of this impertinent intruder, the author, has had more than *ſeven* occaſions to know, that when men deſerve contemptuous and opprobrious names, they will moſt certainly meet with them: But if he can put his hand upon his heart, and declare that he has not deſerved them, it will be a much greater conſolation to him, than any one who knows him will think he is entitled to.

A PENNSYLVANIAN.

To Meſſieurs HALL & SELLERS,

IN your paper of laſt Wedneſday, a writer has given the public a very long and learned eſſay on certificates, ſpeculators, the funding bill, &c. &c.

He will oblige a number of your cuſtomers, if he will extend the eſſay to thoſe perſons who are, or were, concerned in the iniquitous traffic of diſcounting notes at 5 per cent. per month, as he is fully acquainted with that mode of dealing, than in the funds of this country.

Your correſpondent expects he will be very particular in the eſſay, and that it is at leaſt as long as the eſſay on certificates, as no doubt can ariſe but that it will meet with univerſal applauſe.

WATCH.

April 20, 1787.

Meſſieurs HALL & SELLERS,

FROM the failure of taxes, a new ſpecies of paper money has been emitted by the treaſurer of the ſtate, to pay the intereſt on certificates. It conſiſts of *Orders* on County Treaſurers, and Exciſe and Cuſtom-houſe officers. The money emitted in this way amounts, it is ſaid, to 40 or 50,000l. and circulates, like paper, at a diſcount. Now, where will this miſchief of money making end? Is it to go on every *half* year, as the intereſt becomes due? If it does, we ſhall ſoon have 40 and 60 for one times again.

Where is the ſpirit of 1776?---Why do not our people aſſociate, and chaſe the ſpeculators, who were the authors of our paper ſyſtem, out of the country?

A Friend to Induſtry and Honeſty.

*** The Liſt of the *Principal Speculators* in Philadelphia, with the account of the ſums each of them draw from the Treaſury, cannot be publiſhed in this paper, unleſs the perſon who ſent it will firſt favour us with an interview.

The URANIAN CONCERT.

Performed on the 12th inſtant, at the *German Church* in *Race-ſtreet*,---will be repeated, with ſome alterations, on MONDAY EVENING, *the 30th inſtant*, in the HALL of the UNIVERSITY:----The doors to be opened at 7, and the entertainment to begin preciſely at 8 o'clock.

		Authors.
1.	Introductory Prayer, by the Rev. Dr. ANDREWS, Preſident of the *Uranian Academy*.	
2.	Jehovah reigns: an anthem from the 97th pſalm,	*Tuckey.*
3.	Te Deum laudamus,	*Arnold.*
4.	Inſtrumental,	
5.	I heard a Great Voice: an anthem from Rev. 14,	*Billings.*
6.	*Vital Spark:* an anthem on Mr. Pope's ode, "The dying Chriſtian to his ſoul,"	*Billings.*
7.	Overture in Artaxerxes,	*Dr. Arne.*
8.	Friendſhip: the words from Watts's lyric poems,	*Lyon.*
9.	The Roſe of Sharon: an anthem from 2d of Canticles,	*Billings.*
10.	Inſtrumental,	
11.	*Sundry Scriptures*: an anthem on the nativity of Chriſt.	*Williams.*
12.	*The Hallelujah Chorus:* on the extent and duration of Chriſt's government (from the Meſſiah.)	HANDEL.

*** Tickets to be had of W. YOUNG, at the ſouth-weſt corner of *Second* and *Cheſnut-ſtreets*, and of all the Managers, at *Half a Dollar*, each.

WANTED as an apprentice in a Retail ſhop, a LAD, of reputable family, who writes a good hand, and is well verſed in figures, not leſs than 14 or more than 16 years old. Enquire of the printers here of. ‡

Philadelphia, April 20, 1787.

WHEREAS the Wardens of the city, on the recommendation of a number of reſpectable gentlemen, were pleaſed to appoint the ſubſcriber a Corder of Wood, &c. at the Drawbridge, for the laſt year, and he having acted in that capacity to the beſt of his abilities, for the intereſt of the city and country, thinks it his duty, in order that he may anſwer his recommendation, to requeſt all perſons who have lawful demands againſt him to appear, in one month after date, at the Houſe of PETER EVANS, near the Drawbridge, to receive payment. He alſo requeſts all Flatmen, who are in arrears to him, will within that time make payment, to enable him to diſcharge his rent.

¶ ROBERT LUMSDEN, Corder.

To be Let on eaſy Terms, on good Security.

FARMERS who wiſh to patent their Lands, and for want of money at preſent are reſtrained from doing it within the time limited by law, may know where Certificates and State Money to anſwer the above purpoſes are to be had, by applying to CHRISTOPHER BAKER, at the ſouth weſt corner of Vine and Second-ſtreets.

N. B. Thoſe farmers in the neighbouring counties will have the preference. It is expected that all applicants will produce certificates from the prothonotary of the proper county that no judgments are againſt them, and alſo from the recorder that their lands are not mortgaged, as is uſual when they borrow money from the public loans. §

FOUR DOLLARS Reward.

WENT a drift on Thurſday night, the 17th of April, a Sloop's BOAT, with a turpentine bottom, about, two years old, with two oars and a new painter. Whoever takes up ſaid boat and brings her to the Corder at Market-ſtreet wharff, ſhall have the above reward. † ARCHIBALD CARR.

STOLEN out of the ſtable of the ſubſcriber, living in Briſtol townſhip, Philadelphia county, on the road leading to New-York, on the farm of Mr. Jonathan Smyth, a grey Mare, branded on the near buttock H F blind of the off eye, about 14 hands high. Whoever takes up the ſaid mare and thief, ſhall receive THIRTY SHILLINGS Reward, and for the mare only TWENTY SHILLINGS and all reaſonable charges.

‡ JAMES VALLANS.

Northampton townſhip, Burlington county, April 21, 1787.

WHEREAS ISRAEL TAYLER, of the townſhip of Northampton, county of Burlington and ſtate of New-Jerſey, did obtain from the ſubſcriber, a certain Bond or Obligation bearing date (about) the 25th March, 1785, for the ſum of Twenty Pounds, payable in one year. Theſe are to forewarn any perſon or perſons taking an aſſignment on ſaid Bond, as the ſame is fully paid to the ſaid Iſrael Tayler, and I am determined not to pay again, unleſs compelled by law.

¶ SILAS BROWN.

TO BE LET,

A PLANTATION, containing 60 acres, ſituated at the corner of Turner's lane and Germantown road. Enquire of the ſubſcriber, in Second below Dock-ſtreet.

March 17, 1787. JONATHAN MIFFLIN.

N. B. A quantity of HAY for ſale. ‡

TO BE SOLD,

A CONVENIENT new two ſtory FRAME DWELLING-HOUSE, 20 feet front by 25 feet deep, ſituate in South, between Second and Third-ſtreets, two rooms on a floor with fireplaces in each, and a large garret. Alſo the lot whereon the houſe ſtands (which was improved as a garden laſt ſummer) 20 feet by 87 feet four inches, with a 12 feet alley at the back of the lot, leading from Third to Barron-ſtreet; ſubject to a ground rent of 20l. per annum. For terms enquire of FRANCIS WRIGLEY, on the premiſes.

Philadelphia county, April 3, 1787.

NOTICE is hereby given to the inrolled militia of the county of Philadelphia, that the following days are appointed by law as days of exerciſe, viz.

In companies the two laſt Mondays in the month of April, viz. the 23d and 30th.

And in battalion, in the following order:

The firſt battalion, commanded by Colonel Worrell, on the firſt Monday in May, viz. the 7th.

The ſecond battalion, commanded by Colonel Holegate, on Tueſday, the 8th day of May.

The troops of light dragoons are to meet the ſecond battalion, commanded by Colonel Holegate, on their parade day, by eleven o'clock in the morning.

The companies, commanded by Captains Gray, Worrell, and Streeper, are directed to join the battalion commanded by Colonel Jones, on Monday, the 14th of May.

Given under my hand, this 3d day of April, 1787.

WILLIAM COATS, Lieutenant, C. P.

Montgomery county, April 3, 1787.

NOTICE is hereby given to the inrolled militia of the county of Montgomery, that the following days are appointed by law as days of exerciſe, viz.

In companies, the two laſt Mondays in the month of April, viz. the 23d and 30th.

The firſt battalion, commanded by Robert Currie, Eſquire, on the firſt Monday in May, viz. on the 7th.

The ſecond battalion, commanded by George Smith, Eſquire, on Tueſday, the 8th of May.

The third battallion, commanded by Chriſtian Weaver, Eſq; on Wedneſday, the 9th.

The fourth battalion commanded by Peter Richards, Eſquire, on Thurſday, the 10th.

The fifth battalion, commanded by Matthew Jones, Eſquire, on Monday, the 14th.

The troop of light dragoons is to meet the battalion commanded by Robert Currie, Eſquire, at Norriton, at the houſe of Mrs. Hannah Thompſon, at 10 o'clock, A. M.

ABEL MORGAN, Lieutenant, C. M.

To be Sold, or Let on improving leaſes,

The following Tracts of patented LAND, viz.

ONE tract containing 375 acres, and allowance of ſix per cent. for roads, ſituated on a branch of Cox's creek, in Milford townſhip, Bedford county, adjoining lands formerly of James Wilſon. On this tract there is an excellent mill-ſeat; the land good in quality, and a large proportion of meadow may be made.

One tract containing 357 acres and allowance, ſituate on the heads of Cox's creek, Quemahome townſhip, Bedford county, adjoining lands of George Shaver, James Glentworth and John Penrod. This land is of an excellent quality, and affords a large proportion of meadow ground.

One tract containing 351 acres and allowance, ſituated on the head of Spruce-run (a branch of Cox's creek) adjoining the laſt mentioned tract, Joſeph Heibler's, Jacob Smucker's and George Shaver's land. This is ſaid to be a capital tract, and equal, if not ſuperior, in quality to any lands in Quemahome.

One tract containing 302 acres and allowance, ſituated on a branch of Wells's creek, adjoining the laſt mentioned tract, Jacob Smucker and others. This is likewiſe good land, and will afford plenty of meadow ground.

Note, The above lands are in the middle of a German ſettlement, and likely to become very valuable, from the extenſion of the navigation into the weſtern country by the Virginia company, from which navigation it will not be more than a day's journey.

Likewiſe the four following tracts of land in the county of Northampton, ſituated on the waters of Lehawaxen,

One tract containing	307	acres	and allowance.
One ditto,	292	ditto	ditto.
One ditto,	334	ditto	ditto.
One ditto,	330	ditto	ditto.

N. B. Theſe four tracts lie within eight or ten miles of the river Delaware, adjoining Robert Lettis Hooper, Eſq; and lands formerly Robert Wilſon's. They are prime lands, and muſt be valuable when the navigation of the river Delaware becomes an object of legiſlative attention, which undoubtedly muſt be very ſoon.

Any perſon inclinable to purchaſe, or take upon an improving leaſe, either of the ſaid tracts of land, or would wiſh to exchange merchandize, public ſecurities, or real property in or near this city, for all or any of them, may know the terms, by applying to the owner, in Sixth-ſtreet, between Market and Cheſnut-ſtreets. REYNOLD KEEN.

Loaf, Lump and Muſcovado SUGAR,
MOLASSES *and* RUM,
MANUFACTURED by
MILES & MORGAN,

And to be SOLD at their STORE, in Second-ſtreet, between Arch and Race-ſtreets, Philadelphia. Where Merchants and Shop-keepers may be furniſhed at the ſhorteſt notice, and on the moſt reaſonable terms. Feb. 19, 1787.

THIS is to give notice to the public, that Joſeph Adams, John, Jacob and Joſeph Buffman, fraudulently obtained a note for Thirty-five Pounds, in Auguſt, 1784, of the ſubſcriber, payable to Suſanna Morris, Five Pounds to be paid down, and Ten Pounds a year till the whole was paid. Theſe are to forewarn all perſons from having any concern or taking an aſſignment on the ſaid note, as I have received no value, and am determined not to pay the ſame, unleſs compelled by law.

¶ SAMUEL TYSON.

Tobacco, Snuff, Chocolate and Muſtard,
Manufactured and Sold by
JOSEPH FEW,
At the Draw-bridge, Philadelphia.

N. B. Thirty-two Shillings per BUSHEL, or One Shilling per QUART, given for

MUSTARD SEED.

JOSEPH STANSBURY,

Formerly oppoſite the Church in Second-ſtreet, has again opened ſtore on the weſt ſide of Front-ſtreet near Walnut-ſtreet, where he has imported in the laſt veſſels from England, a general aſſortment of

China, Glaſs and Earthen Wares,
Among which are

COMPLEAT *tea table ſets* of enamelled china richly ornamented, Egyptian or *black china* tea pots, ſugardiſhes, and cream ewers; elegant *cane coloured* ware; *cut glaſs* candleſticks, ſalts, muſtard-pots, cruets, decanters and wine glaſſes, ſingle and double flint glaſs ware, a few *quart tumblers and covers*, *Bohemian* pint tumblers, balloon tumblers, cut tumblers of ſeveral ſizes and quart decanters, with a variety of common articles, for country conſumption. Country orders carefully packed, and executed at the ſhorteſt notice.

A few Watch chains and ſeals to be ſold low. t f.

ALL Perſons that have demands againſt the eſtate of EZRA JONES, late of this city, deceaſed, are requeſted to bring in their accounts; and thoſe indebted, either on bond, note or by book account, are deſired to make immediate payment, to

ISRAEL JONES, Executor.

N. B. *Iſrael Jones* has removed his ſtore into Fifth-ſtreet, between Market and Cheſnut-ſtreets. † 7s6. c 6 w.

TO BE LET,

And entered upon the 10th of March next,

AN improved FARM, containing about 100 acres of Land, half of which is meadow, the Dwelling houſe commodious. Situate in Richmond Precinct, (commonly called Point no Point) 5 miles from the city. Enquire of GEORGE ROBERTS, in Philadelphia.

February 19, 1787. † 6w.

Mill Stones and Boulting Cloths,
FOR SALE BY
Robert Lewis & Sons,

At their STORES, and MILL-STONE MANUFACTORY, on the fourth wharff below the Drawbridge, and next to Levi Hollingſworth's.

BURRS of excellent quality, juſt imported from France, and are now manufacturing into mill ſtones of all ſizes and dimenſions which may be ordered, by a compleat workman from England, and warranted at leaſt equal in quality, and as low in price as thoſe imported from Europe. Directions will be given (if required) for laying out the quarters, and dreſſing them to the beſt advantage, according to the temper of the ſtones.

COLOGNE MILL STONES (commonly called CULLINGS) imported from Holland, a few of different ſizes.

COUNTRY-MADE ditto, from the American Rock, of every uſual ſize, or any other that may be ordered, the *beſt grit* for merchant or country work, either to run together, or work with a French Burr or Cologne, ever yet experienced in this ſtate.

Warranted Boulting Cloths.

A very extenſive and compleat aſſortment, lately imported from the manufactories, ſuitable to every branch of the Boulting buſineſs; which are to be diſpoſed of at the ſame low rates as they were ſold before the revolution, at the Stores above mentioned, or at ROBERT LEWIS's dwelling-houſe in Spruce, three doors from Third-ſtreet. MILLERS and others may be furniſhed with Cloths *of ſuperior quality and texture* to any we have hitherto known imported into America: Thoſe who are unacquainted with this very *difficult and precarious* article, may rely on being ſupplied with ſuch Cloths as will certainly anſwer their purpoſes; provided they attend to directions for affixing them on the Reels, in the moſt advantageous manner to perform the work intended; which will ſave the trouble and expence of returning Cloths of *an inferior kind*, which are frequently ſold in this and the neighbouring States.

THE Subſcriber having let part of two lots, marked in the general plan of the town of Eaſton numbers 77 and 78, on an improving leaſe, for the term of four years; which leaſe will expire on the 28th of April next. There has been a half roofed frame tenement erected thereon: And whereas in the article and leaſe, bearing date April 28, 1783. the ſubſcriber was to have a preference of purchaſe at the expiration of ſaid term of four years, otherwiſe it was to be moved off from the premiſes, which agreement is hereby requeſted to be fulfilled by the preſent Aſſignees, who are ſaid to be Meſſrs. SPICER and CRAWFORD, Philadelphia, or others. This is likewiſe to forewarn all perſons not to purchaſe ſaid tenement, unleſs they wiſh to purchaſe a lawſuit therewith, as I am willing to give the full value, or as much as any other will give. ANDREW LEDLIE.

Eaſton, Feb. 3, 1787. † 6 w.

FISHING TACKLE,

MANUFACTURED and SOLD, WHOLESALE and RETAIL, by
HUSON LANGSTROTH,

At his SHOP on the north ſide of Market-ſtreet, oppoſite the Meal-market,

Common and Kirby Hooks of various ſizes,	Hair and Silk Lines,
	Hair and Silk Snoods,
Drum and Sheepſhead Lines,	3 and 4 Joint Rods,
Rock and Deep Sea ditto,	Carolina Reeds, &c. &c.
Common and Float ditto,	

He hath alſo for ſale, glaſs and queens ware, looking-glaſſes from 18 by 12 inches to 4 by 6, a few compleat tea ſets of handſome blue glazed ware, walking ſticks, &c. &c.

N. B. The market price given for white horſe hair. †6w.

Philadelphia, March 8, 1787.

NOTICE is hereby given to all perſons indebted to the eſtate of Falconer and Tomkins, by bonds, notes or book debts, that unleſs they diſcharge the ſame on or before the firſt day of May next, to John Fromberger, in Second-ſtreet, they will be put into the hands of an Attorney.

¶ JOHN FROMBERGER,
JOSIAH WILLARD GIBBS,
CHARLES GILCHRIST,
JOHN FERGUSON, } Aſſignees.

BARK, wanted in *Philadelphia*,

A large quantity of the following kinds, viz. Spaniſh, White and Black-Oak, Hemlock and Birch.

IT is requeſted by the Tanners in this city, that the Farmers would remember the time for getting this valuable commodity, to be careful in putting it up to dry when ſtripped, and as ſpeedily as they can after it is ſufficiently dried to bring it to town. For want of ſuch care, they have ſuffered conſiderable loſs.

April 3, 1787. † 4 w.

This Day is PUBLISHED, by
THOMAS DOBSON,
In Second-ſtreet, ſecond Door above Cheſnut-ſtreet,

THE *TASK*: a POEM, in ſix books. By *William Cowper*, of the Inner-Temple, Eſq; Price 4*ſ* ſewed in boards, or 5*ſ* handſomely bound and lettered, or 6*ſ* bound with Tirocinium, or a Review of Schools, another very much eſteemed poem, by the ſame author.

To accommodate thoſe who chuſe, a few copies of Tirocinium or a Review of Schools, may be had ſewed, price 1*ſ*.

The Publiſher of the *American Edition of this excellent Poem*, (the TASK) inſtead of giving an account of it himſelf, begs leave to preſent to the Public the following Extracts from the Monthly Review for June, 1786:

-----" It is very ſeldom that we are furniſhed with an entertainment that mingles delight and improvement in ſo perfect a degree, as the preſent ingenious and truly original publication. The author is always moral, yet never dull; and though he often expands an image, yet he never weakens its force. If the ſame thought occurs, he gives it a new form; and is copious without being tireſome. He frequently entertains by his comic humour, and ſtill oftener awakens more ſerious and more tender ſentiments, by uſeful and pathetic repreſentations; by deſcriptions that ſoothe and melt the heart, and by reflections which carry their alarm to the conſcience, and rouſe and terrify guilt in its cloſeſt retreats.

The Poet writes under ſtrong impreſſions of chriſtian and moral truths, and we feel him to be in earneſt when he pleads their cauſe, and deplores the neglect that is ſhewn them by ſome, and the inſults that are offered them by others. Conviction gives force to imagination; and the poet dips his pen in the ſtream that religion hath opened in his own boſom.

Mr. Cowper poſſeſſes ſtrong powers of ridicule: and Nature formed him for a ſatiriſt of the firſt order. He ſees folly under every diſguiſe, and knows how to raiſe a laugh at her expence, either by grave humour or more ſportive raillery. He is alive to every feeling of compaſſion, and ſpares none who violate the laws of humanity. His benevolence is as extenſive as the creation; and though the *particular* impreſſions which religion hath made on his mind, and the general corruption of the times have thrown *a ſhade of melancholy* (it will be called *ſpleen* by ſome perſons) over his writings, yet we always behold an amiable and generous principle ſhining through the cloud, and ſtruggling to overcome the evils which it deplores."-----" The defects of this poem bear a very ſmall proportion to its beauties; and its beauties are of no common account: they are happily conceived and forcibly expreſſed. His language is the natural and unforced reſult of his conceptions; and though it is ſometimes careleſs and proſaic, and ſeldom rich or ornamented, yet it is vigorous and animated, and carries the thought home to the heart with irreſiſtible energy.

" Amidſt ſuch a profuſion of beautiful paſſages as we meet with in this ſingular poem, we are at a loſs what to ſelect for the entertainment of our readers. The poet's eye is awake on the various objects of creation, and all the ſcenes of public and domeſtic life, and from all he draws thoſe moral leſſons which tend to refine and improve the heart."

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